THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. XXIV. FRIDAY, July 6, 1810. No. 1240.

Pittsburgh: Printed by *John Scull*, in Market-Street, next door to the corner of Front-Street.

To the Electors of Allegheny County.

I HAVE been induced (from no improper motives) to offer myself as a candidate for the office of *SHERIFF*, at the ensuing General Election.—Should the citizens of Allegheny county consider me worthy of that office, and adequate to the discharge of its important duties, their suffrages will confer a favour on their fellow citizen,

WILLIAM STEELE.

June 25, 1810. tf.

Overstreet's Tobacco

JUST received and for Sale by the subscribers a quantity of *James H. Overstreet's* prime chewing

TOBACCO.

Purchasers will have liberty of returning to us all that may not be found good.

THOMAS & JOHN CROMWELL.

Pittsburgh, June 20th, 1810.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Offers for Sale at his Wholesale Store in Third Street near Market Street, the following Articles, on reasonable and accommodating terms.

10 barrels tanners oil
15 do. flaxseed oil
100 Spanish hides
A quantity best quality Spanish soal leather
A large supply best Juniata barr iron
Ferree's best powder
Cordage of all kinds, of a superior quality, manufactured at Harmony.
Wrapping paper
And a general assortment of Merchandize.

GEORGE SUTTON.

Pittsburgh, June 28, 1810. tf

Vendue and Commission Store.

JAMES GRIFFIN and GEORGE HARRIS repectfully inform the public that they have commenced business, as

AUCTIONEERS *and* AGENTS.

for the sale of property of every denomination.

They solicit the countenance and support of the public, being determined to use every energy to render thir establisment beneficial to their employers; and with a view to the general accommodation, they have opened a *VENDUE STORE in the DIAMOND*, where all descriptions of property will be received and registered either for private or public sale, at the option of the proprietors; they will also attend on all persons who may require vendues at their own dwellings either in town or country.

The terms on which their sales are conducted, will be made known on application at their store, and they trust that the accommodations they will grant, added to the moderation of their charges, will insure them the patronage of the public.

Pittsburgh, June 25, 1810. tf.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THIS day is desolved by mutual consent, the partnership of *M'Allister and Lutgen*; all persons indebted to, or having demads against the late firm, are requested to come to their old stand in the Diamond, and settle their accounts on or before the 20th day of July next, where one or both of the parties will attend.

JAMES M'ALLISTER.
HENRY LUTGEN.

Pittsburgh, June 18th, 1810.

N. B. Grateful for past favours bestowed on him by his friends and the public, the subscriber again solicits their patronage, and offers his services at the former stand, where he proposes keeping a constant supply of Cut nails, Brads, and Sprigs of every description

HENRY LUTGEN.

July 1st, 1809, a Stray taken

and entered with me a *brown MARE*, 10 or 11 years old, with a bell on, a leather collar and buckle, 14 hands high; *Also*, another stray taken up and entered with me a small *black HORSE*, July 18, 1809, with a star and snip, in his face, both hind feet white, 9 or 10 years old, and has had the pole evil. Both will be sold at public sale on Saturday the 28th of July 1810, at the house of the subscriber in Butler county, on the road leading from Butler to Pittsburgh.

DAVID SUTTON,
Wood Ranger.

Commissioners Office,

Pittsburgh, June 12th, 1810.

PROPOSALS will be received at this Office until TUESDAY the 3d of July next, for building a *BRIDGE* over the Four Mile run in Pine township, where the Beaver road crosses the said run. A plan whereof may be seen at this Office.

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS, THOMAS BAIRD, JOSEPH WILSON, } *Commissioners.*

E. PENNINGTON,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHER,

FROM OLD ENGLAND,

Residing in the house lately occupied by Mr. James B. Clow, between Mr. Bracken's and Mr. Cunningham's, in Front-street, Pittsburgh,

NEAR forty years extensive practice, twelve of which was spent in LONDON, with all the advantages to be derived from attending the different Hospitals, and the Lectures of the first men of the ages, encourages E. P. to hope he may render himself useful to those persons who may make choice of his services.

The Accouchment of females, and a strict attention to the diseases peculiar to the sex have employed a great part of his studies for many years.

N. B. He attends patients in town or country on the usual terms of the profession.

27th 11th month, 1809.

NEW GOODS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Anthony Beelen,

Is just opening at his *Old Stand*, in Front Street, in addition to his former stock, an extensive assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

of all descriptions, unusually low for cash or approved paper.

Pittsburgh, 2d April, 1810.

NEW STORE.

The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he has opened a *New Store* in Wood Street, near the corner of Fourth Street, where he has just received from Philadelphia, and now opening, a handsome assortment of DRY GOODS, which he will sell, *wholesale and retail*, at reduced prices, for Cash or approved Country Produce.

Amongst which are the following Articles, *viz.*

TIGHT, dark and pink ginghams
Calicoes and chintzes
Furniture do.
Olive, blue and black velveteens
Madras & fancy handkerchiefs
India do.
Bandanoe do.
4-4 and 5-4 checks
White & colr'd jeans
Long and short India nankeens
English do.
Cotton cassimers
Black bombazets
Shushaws
Black India Sattins
Gilt and plated buttons
Cambrick muslins
Japanned do.
Lenо do.
Spider net stripe do.
Tamboured mull do.
Mens' and womens' cotton hosiery, assorted,
Jalapore sannahs
Mugga do.
Azumber sawns
Fine baftas
Italian and India sewing silks
4-4 shirting muslins
Irish linnens
White and brown platillas
5-4 and 6-4 shawls
Mens' washed leather gloves
Do. best beaver do.
Womens' tanned habit do.
Do. asserted drab do.
Do. long do. do.
Book muslin handkerchiefs
7-4 and 8-4 table cloths
&c. &c.

Also, a few tons of rolled and slit Iron and Castings.

JAMES LEA.

Pittsburgh, April 10, 1810.

N. B. J. Lea intends keeping an assortment of Barr, Rolled and Slit Iron, and Castings of all sizes.

☞ The highest price given for clean Linen and Cotton Rags. tf.

Thomas Cromwell,

Informs his friends and the public, that he has taken into partnership, his brother JOHN CROMWELL. The business therefore will be done in future in the name of

THOMAS & JOHN CROMWELL,

Who have for SALE at their COMMISSION WAREHOUSE.

SUPERFINE FLOUR by the barrel
Whiskey do.
Kentucky Tobacco by the keg
Do. Segars by the barrel
Do. tar'd Cabling by the coil and lb.
Do. Powder by the keg
Tin Ware assorted, packed in barrels
First rate Stills by the gallon and lb.
Still cocks and worms
Flaxseed oil by the barrell
Geneva Window and Hollow Glass, assorted, (window glass advanced in price one dollar per box)
Scythes and Sickles by the dozen
Cyder-royal by the barrel
Barr, roll'd and slit Iron and Castings, &c.

Pittsburgh, 6th April, 1810.

N. B. They want an Apprentice about 15 or 16 years age; one who writes a good hand, is pretty well versed in figures, and unexceptionable character will meet with a good situation.

DONATION LANDS *FOR SALE.*

District.	No.	Acres.	
			BUTLER COUNTY.
1	172	200	Adjoins Mr. Christy's, on the *new* state road.
	153	200	Near Mr. Stewart's—Beaver dam creek passes through it; a good mill seat thereon.
			MERCER COUNTY.
2	1845	200	Near Mr. Pearson's.
	87	300	Near New-Castle—the tract on which John Robinson lives.
3	21	300	Little Neshannock and Big-run unites in it—about eight miles S. W. of Mercer, and within one mile of Mr. Hamel's.
	59	250	Within half a mile of the last mentioned tract.
	577	200	Within one mile of Mercer—adjoins Mr. Junkins tract on the east.
	589	200	Indian-run passes through it—about three miles from Mercer, on the New-Castle road, and near to Mr. Cook's.
	61	250	Shenango passes through it—within one mile of Mr. Byers' mill.
	5	200	Neshannock passes through it—about eight miles from
	191		Mercer, on the New-Castle road, and near Mr. Gilkey's.
	575	200	Adjoining the town of Mercer.
4	66	250	Otter-creek and Big-run passes through it—within from three to four miles of Mercer, and near to Mr. Campbell's; a mill seat thereon.
	787	200	About nine miles from Mercer, on the road to Warren, (Ohio) and near to Mr. Hertford's.
	693	200	Near the town of Shenango.
	845	100	Near Mercer.
	716	200	In the big bend of Shenango, near to Mr. Marshall's.
	713	200	Within one mile of the last mentioned tract, and adjoining Mr. Beatty's.
	78	500	On which the town of Shenango is laid out, at the big bend of Shenango river.
5	1050	200	Adjoining settlement.
	1054	200	Adjoining settlement.
	998	200	Adjoining settlement.
			CRAWFORD COUNTY.
6	110	250	About twelve miles from Meadville, and near Mr. Blondell' mill.
	119	500	Little Sugar-creek passes through it—about five miles from Meadville, and adjoins Mr. Kitlinger's.
7	70	300	Near Mr. Dixon's mill—about six miles from Meadville.
	63	300	About eight miles N. E. of Meadville, and adjoins Mr. Wykoff's.
8	150	500	Muddy-creek passes through it—within a few rods of the state road from Franklin to Erie, about fifteen miles from Meadville, and adjoins Mr. Heatley's.
	1552	200	About three miles from the last mentioned tract.

THE above lands are of an excellent quality, and well watered (generally large streams passing through them) and timbered—nearly all of them adjoining settlements, and in good situations. Titles indisputable.

Also for Sale.

LOTS in the town of SHENANGO.—This town is laid out in the big bend of Shenango river, near the centre of Mercer county, and about 55 miles north-west from Pittsburgh. It possesses many advantages well calculated to render the Lots valuable. The situation and plan of the town are handsome—a navigable water passes through it, as also does the main road from Pittsburgh, by way of Mercer, to New-Connecticut, in the state of Ohio. It is surrounded by a delightful country—fertile, well watered and healthy—lies nearly central between Lake Erie and the Ohio river, in the route intended by nature to connect the interests of those waters—indeed it must become the concentrating point of trade between them. From the many advantages it combines it must unquestionably become a place of considerable trade. A number of Lots being already disposed of, improvements will be immediately commenced, and will be very much promoted in their progress, by the Legislature having passed a law appropriating a sum of money for building a bridge over the Shenango, in the town, which, in all probability, will be completed this season.

Likewise for Sale,

A VALUABLE SEAT FOR MILLS, on the Lachawanick, near its mouth, and within a few perches of the town of Shenango, together with any quantity of land adjoining, from 50 to 200 acres. A Saw-mill would find full employ immediately, and a Grist-mill by the time it can be erected. All the sawing necessary for the improvement of the town may be done there; and rafts of timber, descending the Shenango, canbe floated up the Lachawanick to the mill, without difficulty, as it will stand but a few perches from its mouth.

The above Lands and Lots will be sold cheap, for cash or good payments, and indisputable titles given. Application to be made to the subscriber, at No. 233, Arch-street, Philadelphia.

May 1810. JOSEPH MORRISON,

N. B. A plan of the Town may be seen at Mr. Robert Spencer's, Pittsburgh; Mr. William M'Millan's, Mercer; and at the subscriber's, Philadelphia.

☞ I intend being at Mercer through the months of June and July, and October and November 1810. J. M.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE Tract of Land, containing about 300 acres, situate in Versailles township, Allegheny county, near the state road; about seventy acres of the land cleared, five of which are in good meadow, and twenty acres more may be made; two small dwelling houses with stone chimnies, one end of a barn raised, a large and commodious house for a distillery, and an excellent spring of never failing water near the still house. It adjoins lands of George Miller, John Irwin, Esq. William Boyd, and others, and is now in the tenure of Archibald Johnston, who will shew the premises to any person inclined to purchase. For terms (which are very reasonable) apply to *George Armstrong Esq. Greensburgh*, or to the subscriber in Pittsburgh.

October 24, 1808. STEEL SEMPLE.

THE subscriber offers For Sale,

A Tract of Land,

ON Girty's Run, containing two hundred acres, about 6 miles from Pittsburgh, in a fine settlement; on which there is a good two story Log House, a Barn, about forty acres cleared and under good fence, and a good sugar camp.

For terms apply to Henry Haslet, Esq. *Mr.* Baltzer Good, on the Franklin road, or to *Mr.* John Ferree at the office of the subscriber.

JOHN WILKINS, jr.

Pittsburgh, 1st. Feb. 1808.

CASH,

THE highest price will be given at the Office of *The Pittsburgh Gazette*, for good clean LINEN and COTTON RAGS.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY, July 6, 1810.

MARRIED, on Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. John Taylor, Mr. WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jr. to Miss MARY PARKER, daughter of the late Capt. Alexander Parker, of Carlisle.

Extract of a Circular letter from the Hon. Mr. STANLY, *of North Carolina, Member of Congress, to his Constituents.*

"Such indeed, is the dearth of capacity for business in most of the democratic party, that the few individuals amongst them who are respectable for their ability, find themselves incompetent to the difficult task of managing a machine in which the leaden waits are too numerous for its springs, or to conceal or excuse the dangerous errors and ruinous projects of their partizans. So notorious has this imbecility become, that, the democratic papers, their oracles of political wisdom, have repeatedly advised their democratic friends to elect men of more understanding, or that their party is ruined.

"Would to God that the great body of the substantial yeomanry of the country, the planter, the merchant and the mechanic, could quit his plough, and his warehouse and his shop, and visit Congress in their session; that they might fairly judge of the competency of those to whom they have committed the helm of this mighty empire.

"The causes of this disgraceful state of things are, I repeat it, sir, to be found in the blind violence of party spirit, from the overflowings of which, men thirsting for office, ambitious of its honors, or avaricious of its profits, (as a torrent sweeps the fruits of the orchard and the offal of the barn-yard together) from the mere circumstances of swimming on the same current, imagine themselves converted into statesmen. They keep alive that ferment of party in which they have risen from the dregs of society, and without which they would again sink to their proper level.

"It is natural to inquire how is this deplorable state of our public councils to be remedied? The remedy is to be sought only in the candor, wisdom and virtue, of the people. In their choice of representives let them be governed by that rule which guides a prudent man in the selection of his private agents; let them inquire, "Is he honest, is he capable, is he faithful to the Constitution;" let them select for their service men distinguished for their virtue, their superior talents, and proved attachments to the interests and government of their country, and discard from their favor the applicant whose leading claim to their attention is that servility which peculiarly fits him for a party tool.

"Then, sir, we might confidently hope, that the councils of our beloved country would be again marked with wisdom, firmness maghanimity. The shame of that disgraceful misconduct which has brought us to the verge of ruin at home, and to contempt abroad, might yet be removed. That scandalous waste and profusion in the army and navy, for enriching hirelings, and multiplying dependants, would be reformed, and the people of the United States once more become happy and prosperous amongst themselves, and regain that enviable height, in the view of foreign nations, from which we have, of late, been so rapidly descending."

[*From the National Intelligencer, June 20.*]

NAVIGATION OF THE MOBILE.

It will be recollected by our readers that during the last and preceding session of Congress, several petitions were presented to Congress from Citizens of Tennesee and the Mississippi territory, praying for the adoption of some measures to relieve them from the duties exacted by the Spanish government on produce or goods passing through the Mobile; which were referred to the Secretary of State, on the suggestion that it was only by treaty that a modification or repeal of these duties could be obtained. The Legislature of Tennessee also at their last session instructed their senators and requested their Representatives in Congress to use their endeavors to obtain a removal of this obstruction to the free navigation of the Mobile. In consequence of this instruction the Senators and Representatives from Tennessee addressed an urgent memorial to the President of the United States on the subject.

Though the evil complained of operates with considerable severity on a portion of the people of the Western country, it is one which, it is generally believed, cannot be effectually relieved so long as a foreign power exercises sovereignty over the territory at the mouth of the river; because they have the *power*, at any time, wholly to obstruct the navigation.

The following extract of a letter from Pleasent M. Miller, Esq. addressed to his constituents, will shew the result of the late application to the President of the U. States in relation to this matter:

"It is with deep regret, that I have to inform you, that all the exertions of the representation from this state to obtain the desirable objects recommended to their attention by our last general assembly, and so frequently and pressingly urged by his excellency the governor, have proved unsuccessful. The want of success in our application, is not I apprehend, to be ascribed to any hostillity on the part of the President to the interests of this state, or to the western country in general, but principally to a belief, that while the Spaniards are in possession of the mouth of the river the navigation of the waters of the Mobile will not very essentially promote our interests as they will have it in their power at pleasure to obstruct our passage to the ocean; this opinion and the fear that the free navigation of those waters would have a tendency to involve the U. States in controversies with the Creeks and Spaniards, have, I believe, had very considerable influence in inducing the President to decline a compliance with our requests."

GEORGETOWN, June 20.—The National Intelligencer sometimes is kind enough to give publicity to important public documents and proceedings: why has it omitted to inform us that *Turreau has demanded of Mr. Madison, as a preliminary step towards appeasing Bonaparte, the immediate ejection from office of capt. Porter, who commands the gun-boats at New-Orleans, for daring to meddle with French privateers?* It seems Mr. Madison has not yet thought fit to comply: we hope the day of French dread has gone by.

Ind. Amer.

[From the Christian Magazine.]

Letter from the Rev. Dr. Blackburn to Dr. Morse.

Maryville, Jan. 5, 1810.

Rev. and Dear Sir,

I think when I was with you in Charlestown, I stated the number of the Cherokee nation to be between 10 and 12,000 souls, though at that time the enumeration was not completed, and I could not therefore make the estimate with certainty. But now the persons employed having finished the business, I am able to give you the exact state of the nation in detail. Let it be remarked, that the enumeration is rather below than above the number in every particular; as the Indians, by some means, especially at the first of the business, thought there might be a design eventually to tax them according to that ratio.

In the nation there are 12,395 Indians. The number of females exceed the males 200. The whites in the nation are 341. One third of those have Indian wives, 113. Of negro slaves there are 583. The number of their cattle, 19,509; do. of horses, 6,100. The number of hogs, 19,600; do. of sheep, 1,037.

They have now in actual operation, 13 grist mills; 3 saw mills; 3 salt petre works; and 1 powder mill. They have 30 waggons, between 480 and 500 ploughs, 1600 spinning wheels, 467 looms, and 49 silversmiths.

Circulating specie is supposed to be as plenty as is common amongst the white people. These advantages have been mostly obtained since the year 1796, and rapidly increasing since the year 1803.

If we deduct from the year the number of Sabaths it contains, and suppose that each spinning wheel turns off six cuts per day, the amount of 1600 will be 250,400 dozen yarn in one year, this will make when wove into cloth, 292,133 yards.

If we should suppose each loom to cut off 4 yards per day, the produce of 467 will be annually 584,684 yards.

Allow two hands to a wheel, 3,200 women will be employed in carding and spinning, 467 engaged in weaving, and as many to fill the quills.

If each plow be allowed only ten acres, then 500 ploughs would cultivate, 5,000 acres, and would employ 1000 hands, as one must use the hoe after the plough.—There is also nearly as much land in the nation wrought without a plough as with it. Each acre will produce 50 bushels, which will be equal to 250,000, or 20 bushels to each person. The actual amount will double that sum.

It is often asked, are they increasing or on the decline? All I can say to this is, that both from my own observation, and that of those most conversant with them, it is evident that there is less space between the younger children of families than those advanced, and that in nearly the proportion as the hunting life has yielded to the cultivation of the soil.

The number of bibles and testaments circulated in the nation, including the children of the schools, is upwards of 600, and variety of other books, as opportunity offered.

On their roads they have many public houses, and on their rivers are convenient ferries: there are many of them learning different trades as their inclination lead them. But yet there is no church erected, and a few feel the impression of *grace*.

I have filled the sheet with details, and can only pray the Lord may make your harvest of souls abundant in Charlestown.

I am, &c.

GIDEON BLACKBURN.

JOURNAL

Of a voyage from St. Louis, Louisianna, to the Mandan Village, undertaken by the St. Louis Missouri Fur company, for the purpose of conducting Sheh-ke-ah, the Mandan Chief, to his nation, and to establish trading houses on the head waters of the Missouri; by Dr. Thomas, Surgeon to the party.

On the 17th of May last, we set out from St. Louis with 10 barges and 160 men, well equipped, amongst whom were a few Delawares and Shawnese employed for hunting. On the next day we passed the beautiful village of St. Charles, being 18 miles by land, and about 30 by water from St. Louis; ascending to the river Gasconade, the country is very thick settled, particularly in the spots called Boon's settlement, and near the little village called Charrette. I am informed that the territory of Louisianna is apportioned out in six districts; St. Charles is the uppermost, comprehending that immense tract of country, west of the Mississippi and north of the Missouri; the tide of emigration appears to direct itself to this highly favored spot, and indeed we are not surprised that the farmers of the United States bend their attention this way, as every advantage both of soil and climate, render it far preferable to Kentucky or Ohio.

From the Charrette village to the Osage river we experienced nothing extraordinary: having agreed to wait here for the party, we took advantage of the delay, to saunter over the country; this place is said to be about 40 miles from the frontiers, although there is a small village opposite its mouth, on the north side of the Missouri, in a beautiful rich prairie; the inhabitants consist of emigrants from below, principally French; these people raise a sufficiency of grain for the consumption of the settlement, and employ the rest of their time in hunting and trading with the surrounding Indians. The Osage river, situate on the south side, from its magnitude at the mouth forms an important appendage to this country; I was informed that boats ascended to the old Indian villages, about 100 miles up; its waters are pure, gentle, and well tasted; its banks discover to the naked eye the riches it possesses; iron ore of the best kind cover a great portion of its surface. Here the botanists could enjoy a feast; Savannas are filled with innumerable plants pregnant with all the sweets florists could desire; the lovers of hunting could not fail of finding on this river plenty of amusement, for I am sure no place I have yet seen, can equal it for fish and wild fowl.

Mine river empties itself into the Missouri, a few leagues above, is navigable for small crafts up to the salt works; there are two establishments here, I am informed that 200 kettles are continually employed in making salt; a gentleman who rode over the country where these salt licks abound, says that 10,000 kettles might be employed as strong water springs are numerous in every direction. On the 3rd of June we were visited by a hail storm, and to render the scene more disagreeable, one of the hunters, John Stout, had his thumb blown off and his hand much lacerated by the bursting of my gun.

On the 28th, all the boats having arrived we set out, and on the 8th of July arrived at Fort Osage, which we saluted by a discharge of several guns from our ordinance barges, and were politely answered by an equal number from the fort; here we experienced many civilities from the gentlemen of the garrison. This place appears to be the general rendezvous of all the Missouri Indians, whose continual jars keep the commandant on the alert. Osages, Ottas, Mahas, Ponnis, Cansas, Missouri, Souex, Sac, Fox, Ioway, all mingle together here, and serve to render this quarter a most discordant portion of the continent.

July 11th, we got all ready for embarcation, having laid in vegetables, &c. and bidding adieu to the face of civilized life pushed on our way. The face of the country on each side of the river, is so monotonous up the river Flat, that one day's journey would nearly give the history of every thing worthy of notice.—The banks in general are low, and an extreme rich dark loam covers the face of all its borders, except were the cliffs approach the water; in several places they put in on both sides, so as to compress the the river to the breadth of 25 or 30 yards; to these bluffs vegetation is denied; having ascended many without being gratified with the sight of a plant; however our toils were often repaid by the discovery of various petrifactions; the bones of the buffaloe, elk, goat, with the various kind of wood which grow in the neighbourhood, are found on the tops of these cliffs, completely petrified, yet few are to be found in the low land.

The Cansas river on the south side, so called from a nation of that name, who reside about 150 miles up this river, is about 40 miles from the garrison; this river is considerable, affording navigation for trading boats, up to the village.—The Cansas have long been the terror of the neighbouring Indians, their temerity is hardly credible; a few weeks since a band of 100 warriors entered the Pannie village, or what is more generally called the Pannies Republic, and killed the principal chief and his family consisting of 15 souls; they were immediately pursued and upwards of 40 of them cut to pieces; these people cannot be at peace with the white or red people; they rob, murder and destroy when opportunity offers; fortunately for their neighbours, they are few in number, and their daily outrages serve to lessen their number still more, their country abounds with game, particularly beaver, deer, buffaloe, elk, black bear, &c. &c. and afford the Cansas (hardly less savage,) an abundance of food and raiment.

On the 29th of July, we arrived at Messrs, Cooks and M'Clelland's old hunting camp, we lodged in their house, these gentlemen had constructed comfortable quarters, the house having three rooms, when they occupied it, the Ottas and Paunies resorted to them in great numbers.

August 1st, arrived at the river Platte on the south side, met with Mr. M'Clelland, waiting for the Ottas, whom he expected in great numbers to trade.

Mr. M'Clelland has weathered many storms in his life, and it appears that each day seems to throws something bitter in his cup; brave, generous and kind, he meets the untutored Indian with the smile of complacency; or if the temerity of the savage should exceed the bounds of honesty, or approach to menace, then M'Clelland discovers exalted courage, surrounded with Indians, with his rifle, pistols, and sword, he bids defiance to whole nations; threatening or executing extermination to all who attempt to plunder him.

The river Platte is about half a mile wide at its mouth, it has almost as many mouths as the Mississippi, having numerous sand bars at its junction with the Missouri; its waters have the muddy hue of the Missouri; its extreme rapidity and shoal water, prevent the traders ascending it; the Otta villages are about 40 miles from the mouth; the Paunies reside a considerable distance above, and extend to near the head waters of the Arkansa; these people living in the neighbourhood of the Spanish villages, near St. Fee, trade alternately with them and the American traders. These Parthians of the west ought be cherished, as through them we may obtain an extensive trade with that portion of Mexico, most adjacent to the mines.

[*To be Continued.*]

From the Boston Palladium, of June 15.

FROM PORTUGAL.—Capt. Paine, who arrived on Saturday from Lisbon, left that city on the 9th of May. The French had not entered the Portuguese territory; and the inhabitants were in excellent spirits, and sanguine in their expectations of not giving the grand king-maker the trouble of appointing them a master. The Regency has adopted the best measures for organizating the whole population, as far as practicable, in military bodies, for the defence of their own country; and the people cheerfully conformed to the measures adopted. The native troops had become very respectable for their numbers, appearance and decipline. In May, 6,000 British troops marched from Lisbon to the frontiers—many remained in the city—and the har-

bour was full of men of war. Provisions were scarce and high, and the markets appeared to be still rising. An embargo had been laid on all Portuguese vessels, in consequence of five Algerine cruizers coming out of the Straits. At Cadiz, affairs remained as at the previous dates.—Markets for provisions are also good there.

From CADIZ.—Capt. Webster from Cadiz, informs, that from the indefatigable efforts of the Spaniards and the English, 400 pieces of heavy ordinance had been mounted in different fortifications to protect that place on the land side; and that there were 10,000 British troops, and 10,000 Spanish, devoted to its defence. When these facts, and its singular situation are considered, it must be thought perfectly safe for a long time.

BOSTON, June 21.

The chief command of the French armies in Spain, is to be given (as before noticed) to Massena (Prince of Esling;) Ney, (Duke of Elchingen,) Junot (Duke of Abrantes,) and Regnier, were to command under him. What have become of *Victor* and *Soult?* The report of the death of the former is probably true: we have not heard of either the *recall* or *death* of the Duke of Dalmatia.

Joseph Bonaparte is said to have joined the army before Cadiz on the 29th of April.

The report of the Archduke Charles is to be made king of Spain, continues.—Joseph to be king of Italy. There seems to be an occasional exhibition of spirit on the part of the Spaniards, particularly in Catalonia, where general O'Donnel has met with success. An advanced corps of his army, commanded by the marquis Campeverde, after defeating a French division of 1300 men, has pursued them towards Barcelona, and the communication between that city and the enemy is cut off in consequence.

Napoleon and his bride, who is made his privy councellor, that she may not be absent from him during periods of public business, were journeying to different places for pleasure. They were at Dunkirk on the 10th of May, were great rejoicings, in consequence, had taken place.

The Russian land forces are now in the whole composed of 617,586 men.

The Amsterdam Courant of the 4th states, that king Louis had left that capital in the morning, to meet Napolean who had arrived on the frontiers of Holland.

Important Geographical Fact.—Mr. P. B. Porter states in his interesting speech that "it it not uncommon for boats, in the spring of the year, to pass from Lake Michigan into the Illinoies, and thence by the waters of that river and the Mississippi, to New-Orleans, without being taken out of the water."

The editor of the Saratogo Gazette, says he is in possession of a letter from an intelligent correspondent at Detroit, which is confirmatory of the truth of Mr. Porter's statement. "Strange as it may appear (says the correspondent) it is nevertheless a fact, that a Lieutenant Hamilton, of the United States, Army actually passed from Lake Michigan into the Mississippi, without being obliged to unload his boat, or even to take it out of the water."

If, then it be true, (and of its truth we have not the least doubt) that Nature has opened a communication between the Lakes and the Mississippi, we may anticipate the happiests consequences to the Western Country, at no remote period from an extensive commerce between the country of the Lakes and Louisiana.

Raleigh Reg.

PITTSBURGH CAVALRY.

THE troop will meet at Mr Joseph Ball's Tavern, in the Diamond, on Friday next at 7, P. M.

Persons in the country, desirous of becoming members, will make application to either of the subscribers, who have been appointed a committee for that purpose.

HENRY BALDWIN,
MAGNUS M. MURRAY,
GEORGE ANSHUTZ, Jr.

Pittsburgh, July 2, 1810.

To be Sold or Rented.

VALUABLE building lots possessing extensive fronts on Liberty and Penn Streets, and on an edjoining alley. Their situation is highly advantageous to persons desirous of possessing property in this Borough.

They will be sold or leased on perpetual ground rent, together or in separate lots—The terms will be reasonable and may be known on application at the Auction Store of the subscribers, in the Diamond.

GRIFFIN & HARRIS.

PROPOSAL.

A GENTLEMAN, who resides on the Youghagany, a rich settlement, and where a Store would answer an excellent purpose, proposes to any person, living in Pittsburgh, and desirous to form an establishment, to join him, in an assortment of Goods, as he would describe and the produce he would take in payment, such as *Hay, Bacon, Sugar, Butter, Flax, Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Wax, Iron, Castings, etc.* could be sent here, by water to be disposed of.

He also offers to exchange for Store Goods, Nine Lots in the town of Zeniople near Harmony, and an improved tract, in Leet's district, four miles from Beaver.

For further particulars, enquire of

THE EDITOR.

July 2, 1810.

Public Warning.

WHEREAS *Henry Balsbaugh, Valentine Balsbaugh,* and *Jacob Smith,* of Dauphin County, and State of Pennsylvania, executed and gave twelve bonds to a certain James Robertson, of Pittsburgh, in state aforesaid, dated the 22 day of April A. D. 1807, each for the sum of 200 dollars, the first whereof payable the first day of April A. D. 1811, and the residue thence yearly untill paid, which bonds were given as part pay for a tract of land the title to which, contrary to the contract of the parties, has been obtained and perfected at great expence and damage to the purchaser.

All persons are hereby cautioned against taking an assignment of the said bonds, as the obligors are determined not to pay the same unless compelled by due course of law.

HENRY BALSBAUGH,
VALENTINE BALSBAUGH,
JACOB SMITH.

Harrisburgh, June 20, 1810.

CRAMER, SPEAR & EICHBAUM,
At their Bookstore, (Franklin Head) *Market Street, Pittsburgh,*

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

A general view of the manners, customs and curiosities of Nations, including a geographical description of the Earth. The whole illustrated by fifty four maps and other engravings, in 2 vols. by the *Rev. J. Goldsmith.*

The history of North and South America, from its discovery to the death of Gen. Washington, by *Richard Snowden, Esq.*

Tales of Fashionable Life, 2 vols. by *Miss Edgeworth.*

Campaigns of the armies of France in Prusia, Saxony and Poland, translated from the French, by *Samuel Mackey, A. M.*

Moor's view of society and manners in France, Switzerland and Germany, 4 vols.

Goldsmiths History of England.

Travels in Turkey, Asia, Minor, Syria and across the *Desart,* into Egypt, during the years 1799, 1800 and 1801. Also through Germany, Holland, *etc.* on the return to England, by *William Wittman, M. D.*

Mackenzie's voyages, 2 vols. with maps

Memoirs of Marmontel, written by himself. containing his literary and political life, and anecdotes of the principal characters of the eighteenth century. 2 vols.

The *Dictionary* of Merchandize and Nomenclature in all Languages, for the use of Counting Houses.

Tom Jones, 4 vols.

Struggles through life, exemplified in the travels and adventures in Europe, Asia, Africa, and America, of Lieut. John Harriot, 2 vols.

Essays to do good addressed to all Christians.

Fordyce's Sermons.

Seneca's Morals.

Chymical Catechism.

Hey's Surgery.

London practice of Physic.

Ferguson's Rome, 3 vols.

Dyer's Assistant, in the art of dying Wool and Woollen goods.

Domestic Cookery, by a *Lady.*

Divine Emblems, by *Bunyan.*

Gulliver's travels, 2 vols.

Gay's travels.

The Wanderer of Switzerland, and other pomes, by *James Montgomery.*

Pity's gift or compassion for the animal creation.

Guppy's *Dialogues,* instructive for children.

Goldsmith's view of the Earth.

——*Description* of the character manners and customs of the inhabitants of China, Italy, Naples, Venice, Genoa, Spain, Portugal, France, and Switzerland.

—— of Tartary.

—— of Japan, Kamtschatka, Cochin-China. Siam, Pegu, Pelew Islands and N. Holland

—— West-Indies, Peru, New-Zeland, Easter and Sandwich Islands and Terra del Fuego.

—— of India, Ceylon, Persia, Arabia and Turkey.

—— of the North Americans.

—— of the People of Africa.

—— of Holland, Germany, Great-Britain, *Denmark,* Norway, Sweden and Rusia.

Little Islanders.

Cries of Philadelphia.

Original Poems, by Adelaine, in two parts.

Just opened and for Sale at

CRAMER, SPEAR and *EICHBAUM'S* BOOKSTORE

An assortment of elegant *Broadcloths, Kerseymers and Cassinets,* and a variety of coarse Cloths. Also, *Stripe, Check and Chambray cottons, and Cotton Hose*

The above goods are from Col. David Humphrey's mannfactory in Connecticut.

Pittsburgh, July 3, 1810.

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to an order of Orphan's Court of Venango county, will exposed to Sale at the court house in the town of Franklin, on Monday the sixth day of August next, between the hours of ten in the forenoon and five in afternoon the following described tract of LAND, situate in French creek township, Venango county, containing 300 acres, more or less, with the appurtenances There is a grist mill erected on said farm, and in operation, with other buildings; about five acres of good meadow cleared thereon, and lies on each side of Sanday creek, about four miles from Franklin. The lands adjoin the tract on which John Dewoody resides. Due attendance will be given at the time the sale will begin, and the terms thereof made known by John Lowrie, one of the administrators of John Stephens, deceased.

WILLIAM MOORE.
Clerk of the Orphans Court.

July 2, 1810.

Last Notice!

THE subscriber having been at a considerable expence in advertising something similar to this, in the different newspapers in this place, and has found it of little use, as little or no attention was paid to the notices—He, therefore, once more, and for the last time, earnestly requests those who are indebted to come forward and settle off their respective balances, otherwise he will be under the necessity of putting his accounts into proper persons hands for collection.

JOHN BAIRD,
Merchant Taylor.

Pittsburgh, June 16, 1810.

N. B. He still continues business at the Old Stand, in Market Street, between Front and Second Streets. Those who wish to employ him, and pay him, may rely on having their work done in the neatest and most fashionable manner.

☞ Four or Five Journeymen wanted, to whom constant employment will be given.

RAGS.

Four Cents Cash, or Five Cents in Trade, will be given for clean LINEN and COTTON RAGS, at the Franklin Head, Bookstore, Market Street, Pittsburgh.

Patterson & Hopkins,

BOOKSELLERS.

ROBERT PATTERSON of Pittsburgh, and BENJAMIN B. HOPKINS, of Philadelphia, having entered into partnership, under the firm of *Patterson* and *Hopkins,* have opened a Store of *BOOKS AND STATIONARY* in Pittsburgh, corner of Wood and Fourth Streets, in the house lately occupied by *Joseph Parker,* where they have, and will constantly keep on hand, a large and extensive collection of Books in *Law, Physic* and *Divinity; School Books, Classics,* and a general miscellany of *Philosophy, History, Science,* and works of *Taste.*

All these, except European publications, they will sell, for prompt payment, at Philadelphia retail prices; and on large purchases they will allow a liberal discount, proportioned to the magnitude of the purchase.

They have established connections with the principal Booksellers in all the large towns of the United States, viz. New-York, Baltimore, etc. etc. so that they can, with the least possible delay, fill up any order for books.

They receive and promptly fill up orders for *Maps, Globes, Surveying* and *Mathematical Instruments, Philosophical Apparatus* etc. etc.

They have now connected with the Store, an excellent *Binding,* where binding, in all its variety, will be executed with neatness, firmness and dispatch. Customers will find their blank stationary, at prices far below what has been usual on this side the mountains.

They will shortly have a *Printing Office* connected with their Store, where printing will be executed on the usual terms, in all its variety.

Besides cash, they will take in payment, such articles of country produce, as can soon be disposed of, without loss.

N. B. R. Patterson has received a power of attorney to collect all debts due to Joseph Parker, late agent in this place for the houses of Ferrand and Co. and Hopkins and Co. Philadelphia. The highest price given for clean *Linen* and *Cotton Rags.*

Pittsburgh, June 14, 1810.

STEAM MILL.

For Sale at the Pittsburgh Steam Mill.

SUPERFINE FLOUR for exportation
Do. by the barrel
Do. by the hundred or less
Common Flour
Bran, low by the quantity
Shipstuff do.
Corn meal boulted
Do. not boulted
Do. chopped
Do. ground in the ear for feed
Do. shelled
Do. in the ear
Chopped rye,

Distillers may be supplied with any of the above articles on reasonable terms.

GEORGE EVANS, *Agent for the P. S. M. Company.*

Pittsburgh, 29th May, 1810.

N. B. The highest price will be given for grain.

Six Cents Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, living in Pittsburgh, on Saturday the 30th of June, ult. an apprentice to the Cabinet-making business named JOHN M'FARLANE, between 4 and 5 feet high, about 18 years of age; had on a corded round-about jacket, corded pantaloons, a striped jean jacket, wool hat, and shoes. The above reward will be paid to whoever delivers said boy to the subscriber, but no charges.

JAMES M'GEE.

July 5, 1810.

FOR SALE,
At the WARE-HOUSE of the Subscriber,

24 bags and some barrels prime Coffee
10 chests Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin Teas
17 dozen real Morocco Skins
20 do. Sickles
French Brandy and Jamaica Spirits in barrels and half barrels
Pepper and Alspice in kegs
30 boxes Chocolate
A few pounds Cloves and Nutmegs
Tanners and Flaxseed Oil
Tennesse Cotton, *&c. &c.*
A few dozen 5 and 6 quarter casmere shawls

All which are offered for sale at reduced prices for cash, approved paper, or country produce.

BOYLE IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, June 12, 1810. 5t

NOTICE.

WHEREAS the subscriber purchased a piece or tract of land, on the Long run, from Alexander Greer, of Allegheny county, and in part payment of which I gave him nine notes of hand, each for 20 dollars; and whereas there is reason to believe that said Greer cannot make me a sufficient title, agreeably to our contract, I therefore hereby forwarn all persons from taking an assignment on said notes, or either of them, as I am determined not to pay them until said Greer fulfills his agreement with me, or I am compelled by law.

ALEXANDER MEHOODBEY.

June 16, 1810.

NOTICE.

I have now on hand

20 *Bales first quality COTTON,*

which I will sell for negociable notes at 60 and 90 days. Linnen cloth would be received in part pay. From my arrangements laterly made in Nashville, I will keep a constant supply of this article on moderate terms.

C. COWAN.

Pittsburgh, May 2, 1810.

☞ Kentucky Tobacco, twist and spun, by the keg; Cegars by the box.

Will be Sold at Public Vendue,

On *SATURDAY* the 7th of July next,
The Noted Stud Horse,

GRAY EAGLE.

HE has stood for several seasons in the vicinity of Pittsburgh. Any person wishing to purchase a Stud Horse, will no doubt be pleased with the Gray Eagle, his colts are sufficient to recommend him to any person desirous of purchasing.

PETER KINTNER.

Pittsburgh, June 15, 1810.

FOR SALE,

A House and Lot

IN the Borough of Pittsburgh, opposite Mr. Anderson's, and adjoining lots of Colonel O'Hara. For terms apply to the owner living on the premises, or to her son Robert Tempeton, who she has appointed her agent.

MARY NELOW.

Pittsburgh, June 12, 1810.

TURTLE SOUP

MAY BE HAD
Every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY
From 3 o'clock until 9 in the Evening,
during the season, at the house of
LEWIS WARNER,
In Front Street, opposite the Indian Queen,
PITTSBURGH.

June 7, 1810.

N. B. The highest price will be given for fresh caught *TURTLES.*

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having been appointed by the *Lancaster and Susquehanna, Insurance Company,* their *AGENT* in and for the town of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, this is to give notice to all persons who are desirous to have their buildings or personal property insured against loss or damage by fire, that application may be made to the subscriber, who will immediately take a survey of the property to be insured, and afford such assistance, as will accomplish the desired object, with the least possible delay. Apply to the subscriber, at the Office of Discount and Deposit in Pittsburgh.

J. B. N. SMITH,
Agent for the Lancaster and Susquehanna Insurance Company.

Pittsburgh, January 3, 1810.

TO BE RENTED,
And immediate possession given.

A TWO Story Brick House, in Second street, between Market and Wood streets. The house is well finished and convenient.—For terms apply to

THOMAS CROMWELL.

Pittsburgh, March 28, 1810.

Just Received
From the Proprietor's Patent Medicine Warehouse New-York, a fresh supply of the following genuine

MEDICINES,

whose virtues is so well known throughout the United States, viz.

—

For the prevention and cure of Bilious and Malignant Fevers, is recommended.

Hahn's Anti-Bilious Pills.

Which has been attended with a degree of success highly grateful to the inventor's feelings, in several parts of the West-Indies, and the Southern and Middle States, particularly in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Petersburg, Richmond, Norfolk, Edenton, Wilmington, Charleston, and Savannah. The testimony of a number of persons in each of the above places, can be adduced, who have reason to believe, that a timely use of this salutary remedy has, under Providence, preserved their lives when in the most alarming circumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature, speak more in favour of a medicine than columns of pompous eulogy, founded on mere assertion.

It is not indeed presumptuously proposed as an infallible cure, but the inventor has every possible reason that can result from extensive experience, for believing, that a dose of those pills, taken once in every two weeks, during the prevalence of our bilious fevers, will prove an infalliable preventative; and further, that in the earlier stages of those diseases, their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild so as to be used by persons in every situation and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions; to restore and amend the appetite; to produce a free perspiration, and thereby prevent colds which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold, if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness, sickness at the stomach, and severe head-ache, and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use, by every seaman.

—

Dr Hahn's Eye Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the Eyes, whether the effects of natural weakness, or of accident, speedily removing inflammations, defluxions of rheum, dullness, itching, and films on the eyes—never failing to cure those maladies which frequently succeed the small pox, measles and fevers, and wonderfully strengthening a weak sight. Hundreds have experienced its excellent virtues, WHEN NEARLY DEPRIVED OF SIGHT.

—

Lee's Genuine Persian Lotion.

An invaluable Cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellant minerals (the basis of other Lotions) and of unparalleled efficacy in preventing and removing cutaneous blemishes of every kind, particularly freckles, pimples, infammatory ness, scurfs, tetters, ring worms, sun burns, prickly heat, &c.

The PERSIAN LOTION opperates mindly, without impeding that natural insensible perspiration which is essential to health. Yet its salutary effects are speedy and permanent, rendering the skin delicately soft and clear, improving the complexion and restoring the bloom of youth.

ITCH CURED.

By once using Lee's Sovereign Ointment. The proprietor informs those persons and families who are suffering under this disease (against the infection of which no person is safe) that if this Ointment is used at night on going to bed, it never fails to perform a cure by the following morning, as thousands who have used it during the last ten years can testify. The peculiar excellencies of this infalliable remedy for the Itch, over every other, are the certainty of the cure by a single application; the ingredients being so innocent as to be applied with perfect safety to the tenderest infant; and its being not only free from any offensive smell, but equally agreeable with the pleasentest pomatum.

DR. HAMILTON'S
GRAND RESTORATIVE,

which the inventor confidently recommends as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of various complaints which result from dissipated pleasures juvenile indiscretions, residence in climates unfavorable to the constitution, the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or any destructive intemperance, the unskilful or excessive use of mercury, the diseases peculiar to females at a certain period of life, bad lyings

HAMILTON'S
Celebrated Worm Destroying
LOZENGES.

Among the many complaints attending Worms are, disagreeable breath, especially in the morning; bad and corrupt gums; itching in the nose and about the seat; convulsions, epileptic, fits, and sometimes privation of speech; irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious; purging with slimy and foeted stools; vomiting; hard and large belly; pains and sickness at the stomach; pains in the head and thighs, with lowness of spirits; slow fever, with small and irregular pulse; a dry cough; excessive thirst; sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above smyptoms, should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints to those above described.

—

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard

For Rheumatism, Gout, Palsy, Swelling, Numbness, *etc.*

Tooth-Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered, which gives immediate and lasting relief in the more severe instances.

The Anodyne Elixir.

For the cure of every kind of Head-Ache.

The Damask Lip Salve.

The above MEDICINES are constantly for Sale by

Anthony Beelen,

At his Store in Front Street, PITTSBURGH.

☞ *Purchasers are requested to remember that imitations of those Medicies are for Sale in various places and that none are genuine without the signature of*

HANNAH LEE, *Widow of Richard Lee jr.*

60,000 weight of Spanish Brown
of a superior quality,
Just Received and for Sale, by

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

DRUGGISTS,

At the reduced price of 6 dollars per cwt.

N. B. They have just received a very large and general assortment of all kinds of *Paints.*

Pittsburgh, May 21, 1810.

WILLIAM SCOTT,

SIGN OF THE HAND-SAW AND PLANE,
In Front Street, opposite the Indian Queen,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has received a neat assortment of *IRONMONGERY*, consisting of hand and panel saws, sash and tenant saws, files of all sorts, knob locks and knob latches of all sizes, trunk, chest and till locks, butt hinges and screws of Pittsburgh manufacture, plane irons, and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold on the lowest terms for cash only.

N. B. *W. Scott* carries on the Plane making as usual. Orders will be thankfully received and duly attended to.

Two Apprentices wanted to the above business.

Pittsburgh, February 13, 1810.

VALUABLE PATENT & FAMILY

MEDICINES,

FOR SALE BY

J. P. & J. W. Skelton,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS.

Sing's warranted patent ITCH Ointment. The only medicine in the world which will certainly cure the Itch, without having in it any thing dangerous or disagreeable.—*Price 50 cents* per box.

WORM TEA,

One of the most valuable medicines ever sold, for the destruction of worms in the human body, and more particularly adapted for children, of which complaint, thousands annually fall a sacrifice. It being now so well established that no certificates or encomiums are necessary to recommend it, being altogether a composition of vegetables; since this medicine was first discovered upwards of one hundred thousand persons have experienced its beneficial effects.—*Price 25 cents sing e, and 2 dollars per dozen.*

The Infallible Ague and Fever Drops.

For the cure of agues, remittent and intermittent fevers. There never was a medicine offered that has a greater claim to public approbation than this, as many thousands can testify. It would be needless to expatiate largely on the extraordinary virtues of these drops, it being the general received opinion, if taken regularly and according to directions, it is the most efficacious medicine in the known world, for the cure of agues, remittent and intermittent fevers. Thousands can testify of their being cured by these drops, when the bark, and every other medicine had proved ineffectual, and not one in an hundred has had occasion to take more than one, and numbers not half a bottle.—*Price 50 cents per bottle.*

Patent German Eye Water,

A safe, certain and efficacious remedy for all diseases of the eyes.—*Price 37 1-2 cents per bottle.*

Doctor Steer's Chemical Opodeldoc.

A safe and effectual cure for bruises, sprains, burns, scalds, and all green wounds.—*Price 50 cents.*

Charcoal Dentrifice

For the teeth and gums.—*Price 25 cents.*

N. B. Country Linnen, Bags, Beeswax, or Tallow will be taken for any of the above articles.

DOCTOR DAWSON,

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

A general and complete supply of *Fresh Drugs and Medicines, Family, Patent and Horse Medicines, Surgeons Instruments, Spring and Plain Lancets, best English White and Red Lead dry and ground in oil, Spanish Brown finest quality, Spanish Whiting, White and Red Chalk, Litharge, Lampblack, Ivory Black, Yellow and Stone Ochres, Patent and Kings Yellow, Patent Green, Verdigris, Umber, Venetian Red, Terra de Sienna of superior quality, Gum Copal, Copal Varnish, Asphaltum, Shellac, Prussian Blue, Rose Pink, fine Blue Smalts, Verditer, Vermillion, Gold and Silver Leaf, Pumice-stone, Spirits of Turpentine, Painters Brushes, Black and Red London Inkpowders, Sealing Wax and Wafers.*

With every article in the DRUG, MEDICINE, PAINT and PERFUMERY LINE; selected with particular care from the latest importations, and *WARRANTED GENUINE*, which, being purchased with *Cash*, enables him to sell them on as reasonable terms, wholesale and retail, as any ever offered for sale in Pittsburgh.

☞ Practitioners of Physic will be supplied at a small advance on the city prices.

*** Dr. D. has for sale a quantity of the *GENUINE WORMSEED OIL*, so much celebrated in New-York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, as a safe and effectual remedy against worms.

Market Street, Pittsburgh,
May 10, 1810.

GEORGE COCHRAN,

IS just opening an elegant and fashionable assortment of

GOODS,

Next door to the Sign of the Globe, Market Street, near Second Street; amongst which are the following Articles:

Superfine cloths assorted colours	Shirting muslins 7-8 and 4-4
Pelice do. a new kind	Silks, sattins, ginghams
Cotton cassimers	Calicoes & fancy muslins.
Nankeens, blue and yellow	
Striped cottons	

A great variety of

Ladies Morrocco and Leather Shoes and Slippers,
Do. Childrens,

Cotton and silk shawls	Cotton cards
Fancy handkerchiefs	Ladies and gentlemens whips
Looking glasses	
Waiters	

A variety of *Sadlery, Cutlery,, Hardware, Queensware* and

GROCERIES,

comprising a neat and GENERAL ASSORTMENT, which he is determined to sell on the lowest terms for cash, or approved of country produce.

India Muslins

Cheap by the piece.

Pittsburgh, May 28, 1810.

Pittsburgh
Flint Glass Manufactory.

Benjamin Bakewell & Co.

INFORM their friends and the public, that they have recently enlarged their assortment of *GLASS-WARE*, and offer for Sale, upon their usual terms, the following articles, viz.

DECANTERS, quart and pint, common ringed and plain.
Ditto, ditto, best double flint, ditto.
Ditto, half pint and gill common ditto.
Tumblers, quart, pint, half pint, and gill ditto.
Ditto, best double flint ditto.
Goblets, pint, half pint, and gill ditto.
Wine Glasses, common and best.
Jars, half gallon, quart, pint, and half pint.
Tinctures, ditto, ditto.
Lamps—globe, street and table.
Ditto, vase with shades.
Butter basins, with covers, assorted colours.
Sugar ditto, and cream jugs ditto.
Cups, quart, pint, half pint and gill.
Water decanters, wine coolers, finger cups.
Egg cups, cruets, mustard pots,
Salts, proof phials, root glasses.
Jelly and Syllabub glasses.
Electrical cylinders and jars.
Retorts and receivers, mortars and pestles
Square stopper bottles, funnels.
Jars and beakers for chimney ornaments.
Confectionary glasses, salvers.
Barometer and Thermometer tubes,
Breast pipes and nipple glasses.
Corals for children, cupping glasses.
Ink stands, smelling bottles, &c. &c.

N. B. Wanted some good steady FLINT GLASS BLOWERS, and a few APPRENTICE BOYS who, if well recommended, will meet with good encouragement.

Also, POT, and PEARL ASHES, for which Cash will be given.

Pittsburgh, April 12, 1809.

Justices Blanks,

Of the latest and best forms, viz.
SUBPOENAS FOR WITNESSES, WARRANTS, SUMMONSES, EXECUTIONS, &c.

REMOVAL.

The Agency for the Sale of *Lee's Patent* and *Family Medicines*, is removed from Zadok Cramer's, to

WILLIAM B. FOSTER & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Agents, for Pittsburgh, in Market Street, next door to the Printing Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Where only can be procured the
ORIGINAL

FAMILY MEDICINES,

Prepared by MICHAEL LEE and Co.

WHICH have been in high estimation and general use throughout the United States for upwards of ten years. And, it is no inconsiderable evidence of their utility, that during the above period, numerous imitations of every article (the productions of ignorance and inexperience, urged by envy and penury) have been intruded on the public, seen for a day, and then perished! Others now succeed them, which in like manner are fast descending to the tomb of the Capulets; while *our* remedies become more generally used, and acquire a daily accession of deserved celebrity.

—

Lee's Worm Destroying Lozenges.

This medicine is superior to any ever offered to the public, being innocent and mild, certain and efficacious in its operations.—Should no worms exist in the body, it will, without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders.

—

Lee's Elixir.

A certain remedy for colds, coughs, asthmas, and particularly the whooping cough, so destructive to children.

—

Lee's Essence of Mustard

So well known for the cure of rheumatisms, gout, palsy, sprains, *ect. ect.*

—

Lee's Grand Restorative,

Proved by long experience to be unequalled in the cure of nervous disorders, consumptions, lowness of spirits, inward weakness, *ect.*

—

Lee's Anti-Bilious Pills,

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

—

Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Itch,

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application.

—

Infallible Ague and Fever Drops.

For the cure of agues, remittent and intermittent fevers.

—

Lee's Genuine Persian Lotion.

Celebrated for the cure of ring-worms, tetters, *ect.*

—

Lee's Genuine Eye Water.

An effectual remedy for all diseases of the eyes.

—

Tooth Ache Drops.

Which give immediate relief.

—

Lee's Corn Plaster.

—

Lee's Damask Lip Salve.

—

Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

—

The Anodyne Elixir,

For the cure of every kind of head-ache.

—

The Indian Vegetable Specific,

For the cure of venereal complaints.

—

Those Medicines having come into general use, they are frequently purchased not only by druggists, but by country store-keepers to sell again; in order, that the purchasers may be confident they have the original *genuine* medicines; wherever they purchase they have but to observe, that every article of medicine has on the outward wrapper, the signature of the proprietors,

Michael Lee & Co.
late Richard Lee and Son.

COTTON.

Just received and for Sale by the subscribers,

100 Bales first rate Tennessee

Cotton, which they will sell low for cash, or good paper, at 60. 90, 120 days, and 6 months.

ALSO,

5000lbs. crude Salt Petre, which

they offer very low for cash, or negociable notes at 60 days.

THOMAS & JOHN CROMWELL.

Pittsburgh, 29th May, 1810.

NEW GOODS.

The subscriber informs his friends and the public in general, that he has just received and is now opening at his Store, corner of Third and Wood Streets, in the house formerly occupied by JOHN SAMPLE, a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries,
Queensware and Cutlery,

which he offers for Sale at the most reduced prices for cash or country produce.

SAMUEL SMITH.

Pittsburgh, June 11, 1810.

N. B. Eighty barrels of the first quality Lake Salt for sale.—Also, the highest price given for good clean Linen Rags.